TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Brevard, North Carolina

Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

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Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Transylvania County Board of Education Brevard, North Carolina

Opinions

We have audited accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Transylvania County Board of Education, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise of the Transylvania County Board of Education's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Transylvania County Board of Education as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, the State Public School Fund, Federal Grants Fund, and Other Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Transylvania County Board of Education and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raises substantial doubt about Transylvania County Board of Education's ability to continue as a going concern for the twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Governmental Auditing Standards* will always detect material statement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Governmental Auditing Standards we

- Exercised professional judgement and maintained professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsible to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Transylvania County Board of Education's
 internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Transylvania County Board of Education's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 10 and the Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, OPEB Liabilities and the Schedule of Board Contributions on pages 50 to 55, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Transvlvania County Board of Education's basic financial statements. The individual fund budgetary schedules, as well as the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200. Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, individual fund budgetary schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 14, 2023 on our consideration of Transylvania County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Transylvania County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Transylvania County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC

November 14, 2023 Elon, North Carolina (336) 380-4123 This section of the Transylvania County Board of Education's (the "Board") financial report represents our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Board for the year ended June 30, 2023. This information should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements included in this report.

Financial Highlights

- For the eighth consecutive year, the Board experienced a decrease in certified ADM from the prior year due to a decrease in birth rates and public education market factors. The decrease from 2021-22 to 2022-23 was 30 students. This decrease resulted in a loss of state dollars in several major categories.
- Employer benefit costs continue to increase resulting in a greater portion of existing funds be consumed by these expenses. This equates to fewer dollars being available for all non-payroll expenses such as supplies, materials, equipment, and other operating expenses. Local current expense funding remained mostly flat from 2021-22 to 2022-23, increasing by \$40 per student.
- Numerous employees across the district continue to seek outside funding, partnerships, and grants for many initiatives that have helped our school system grow and meet the needs and challenges of our students. Many programs available to our students would not be possible without additional monies from these outside sources.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The audited financial statements of the Transylvania County Board of Education consist of four components. They are as follows:

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis (required supplementary information)
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required supplemental section that presents budgetary schedules and other schedules for governmental and enterprise funds.

The Basic Financial Statements include two types of statements that present different views of the Board's finances. The first is the Government-wide Statements. The government-wide statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting and include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. The statement of net position includes all of the Board's assets and liabilities. Assets and liabilities are classified in the order of relative liquidity for assets and due date for liabilities. This statement provides a summary of the Board's investment in assets and obligations to creditors. Liquidity and financial flexibility can be evaluated using the information contained in this statement. The statement of activities summarizes the Board's revenues and expenses for the current year. A net (expense) revenue format is used to indicate to what extent each function is self-sufficient.

The second type of statements included in the basic financial statements is the *Fund Financial Statements*, which are presented for the Board's governmental funds and proprietary funds. These statements present the governmental funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting, measuring the near term inflows and outflows of financial resources and what is available at year-end to spend in the next fiscal year. The proprietary funds are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting.

The fund financial statements focus on the Board's most significant funds. Because a different basis of accounting is used in the government-wide statements, reconciliation from the governmental fund financial statements to the government-wide statements is required. The government-wide statements

provide information about the Board as an economic unit while the fund financial statements provide information on the financial resources of each of the Board's major funds.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the Board as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the Board's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Board's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Board's assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. This is one way to measure the unit's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Board's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.
- To assess the Board's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such
 as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of its school buildings and other
 physical assets.

The unit's activities are divided into two categories in the government-wide statements:

- Governmental activities: Most of the Board's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. County funding and State and federal aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities: The Board charges fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it
 provides. School food service is included here.

The government-wide statements are shown as Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Board's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the unit as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the Board uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- Some funds are required by State law, such as the State Public School Fund.
- The Board has established other funds to control and manage money for a particular purpose or to show that it is properly using certain revenues, such as in the Federal Grants Fund.

Transylvania County Board of Education has three types of funds:

Governmental funds: Most of the Board's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which generally focus on two things – 1) how cash and other assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. As a result of this focus, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the coming year to finance the Board's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental fund statements, in the form of a reconciliation, explains the relationship (or differences) between the government-wide and the fund financial statements. The Board has several governmental funds: the General Fund, the State Public School Fund, the Federal Grants Fund, the Other Special Revenue Fund, the Individual Schools Fund and the Capital Outlay Fund.

The governmental fund statements are shown as Exhibits 3, 4, and 5 of this report.

Proprietary funds: Services for which the Board charges a fee are generally reported in the proprietary funds. The proprietary fund statements are reported on the same full accrual basis of accounting as the government-wide statements. The Transylvania County Board of Education has one proprietary fund - an enterprise fund – the School Food Service Fund.

The proprietary fund statements are shown as Exhibits 6, 7, and 8 of this report.

Fiduciary fund: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of the parties outside the government. Transylvania County Schools has one fiduciary fund, the Private Purpose Trust Fund. Since the resources of the Custodial Funds are not available to support government programs, they are excluded from the government-wide statements.

The fiduciary fund statements are shown as Exhibits 9 and 10 of this report.

Financial Analysis of the Board as a Whole

Net position is an indicator of the fiscal health of the Board. Liabilities exceeded assets by \$7,817,497 as of June 30, 2023. Other than unrestricted net position, the largest component of net position is net investment in capital assets of \$37,365,457.

Following is a summary of the statement of Net Position:

Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2023 and 2022												
		Government	al A	Acitivities		Business-ty	ре А	ctivities	Total Primary Government			
		6/30/2023		6/30/2022	6	6/30/2023	(6/30/2022	6/30/2023			6/30/2022
Current assets Capital assets	\$	7,534,021 37,025,511	\$	5,616,107 38,266,840	\$	1,446,309 365,796	\$	1,426,532 267,238	\$	8,980,330 37,391,307	\$	7,042,639 38,534,078
Total assets	_	44,559,532	_	43,882,947		1,812,105	_	1,693,770	_	46,371,637	_	45,576,717
Deferred outflows of resources		22,636,390		12,124,397		610,321		374,613		23,246,711		12,499,010
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities		752,813 57,405,952		453,923 46,809,484		48,979 1,530,895		75,921 1,753,364		801,792 58,936,847		529,844 48,562,848
Total liabilities	_	58,158,765	_	47,263,407		1,579,874		1,829,285	_	59,738,639	_	49,092,692
Deferred inflows of resources		17,232,582		21,697,062		464,624		846,755		17,697,206		22,543,817
Net investment in capital assets Restricted net position		36,999,661 1,752,003		38,240,280 1,614,801		365,796		267,238 1,302		37,365,457 1,752,003		38,507,518 1,616,103
Unrestricted net position	_	(46,947,089)	_	(52,808,206)		12,132		(876,197)	_	(46,934,957)	_	(53,684,403)
Total net assets	\$	(8,195,425)	\$	(12,953,125)	\$	377,928	\$	(607,657)	\$	(7,817,497)	\$	(13,560,782)

Note that net position of governmental activities increased by approximately \$4.8 million during the year, indicating improvement in the financial condition of the Board. Also note that the Board carries capital assets for which Transylvania County carries the offsetting debt.

The following table shows the revenues and expenses for the Board for the current and prior fiscal years:

				Table 2									
	Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022												
		Governmen	tal /	Activities		Business-ty	pe A	ctivities	Total Primary Government				
		6/30/23		6/30/22		6/30/23 6/30/22				6/30/23	6/30/22		
Revenues:													
Program revenues:													
Charges for services	\$	1,572,336	\$	1,685,269	\$	418,698	\$	125,571	\$	1,991,034	\$	1,810,840	
Operating grants and													
contributions		32,004,816		32,402,521		1,805,112	2	,467,802		33,809,928		34,870,323	
Capital grants and													
contributions		78,998		-		49,500		-		128,498		-	
General revenues:													
Other revenues		17,862,190		16,069,289	_	38,691		56,232		17,900,881	_	16,125,521	
Total revenues	_	51,518,340	_	50,157,079	_	2,312,001	2	,649,605	_	53,830,341	_	52,806,684	
Expenses:													
Governmental activities:													
Instructional services		36,042,841		33,069,155		-		-		36,042,841		33,069,155	
System-wide support													
services		9,201,042		7,412,816		-		-		9,201,042		7,412,816	
Ancillary services		106,773		86,721		-		-		106,773		86,721	
Non-programmed													
charges		1,025,108		1,448,493		-		-		1,025,108		1,448,493	
Depreciation		20,132		-		-		-		20,132		-	
Business-type activities:													
School food service		-		-		1,691,160	2	,227,827		1,691,160		2,227,827	
Total expenses		46,395,896		42,017,185		1,691,160	2	,227,827		48,087,056		44,245,012	
Transfers		(364,744)		(560,523)		364,744		560,523		-		-	
Increase (decrease) in			_						_		_		
net position		4,757,700		7,579,371		985,585		982,301		5,743,285		8,561,672	
Beginning net position, as restated		(12,953,125)		(20,532,496)		(607,657)	(1	,589,958)		(13,560,782)		(22,122,454	
Ending net position	\$	(8,195,425)	\$	(12,953,125)	\$			(607,657)	\$	(7,817,497)	\$	(13,560,782	

Total governmental activities generated revenues of \$51.5 million while expenses in this category totaled \$46.4 million for the year ended June 30, 2023, resulting in an increase in net position of \$4.8 million (including net transfers to business-type activities of \$364,744). Comparatively, revenues were \$50.2 million while expenses totaled \$42.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2022, resulting in an increase in net position of \$7.6 million.

The Board's primary sources of revenues were funding from the State of North Carolina, Transylvania County, and the United States Government, which respectively comprised 54%, 11% and 29% of our total revenues. As would be expected, the major component of our expenditures was instructional services which accounted for 78% of our total expenditures during the most recent fiscal year. Of the remaining 22% of our total expenditures, 20% was attributable to system-wide support services.

Our business-type activities generated revenues of \$2.3 million, while expenses in this category totaled \$1.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2023. For the year, net position increased by \$985,585 (including net transfers in of \$364,744). Comparatively, revenues were \$2.6 million and expenses totaled \$2.2 million for the year ended June 30, 2022, resulting in an increase in net position of \$982,301 (including net transfers of \$560,523).

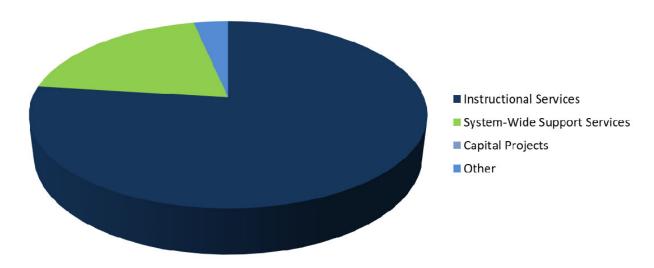
Financial Analysis of the Board's Funds

Governmental Funds: The focus of Transylvania County Board of Education's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Board's financing requirements.

The Board's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$6.8 million at June 30, 2023, an increase of \$1.6 million from the amount reported at June 30, 2022. The Board's General Fund reported an increase in fund balance for the year of \$47,131.

The State Public School Fund and Federal Grants Fund do not carry fund balance. All revenues in these funds are expended in the year received.

Categorization of Expenditures for Governmental Funds



Expenditures presented on modified accrual basis of accounting.

Proprietary Funds: The Board's business-type fund, the School Food Service Fund, reported an increase in net position of \$985,585 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Board made minor revisions to the budget to account for changes in revenue and expense expectations. Revisions to the budget for the year ended June 30, 2023 were primarily due to additional funds received by the district.

Capital Assets

Capital assets decreased by \$1,142,771 from the previous year. Capital assets decreased due to depreciation expense exceeding capital expenditures for the year.

Table 3 Summary of Capital Assets										
		As of June 30	•							
	Governmen	Total Primary Governmer								
	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2023 6/30/2022		6/30/2022				
Land	\$ 12,284,916	\$ 12,284,916	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,284,916	\$ 12,284,916				
Construction in progress	3,471,500	3,471,500	-	-	3,471,500	3,471,500				
Buildings and improvements	15,845,532	16,978,523	-	-	15,845,532	16,978,523				
Equipment and furniture	697,665	683,762	277,831	252,757	975,496	936,519				
Vehicles	4,725,898	4,848,139	87,965	14,481	4,813,863	4,862,620				
Total	\$ 37,025,511	\$ 38,266,840	\$ 365,796	\$ 267,238	\$ 37,391,307	\$ 38,534,078				

Debt Outstanding

The Board is limited by North Carolina General Statutes with regards to the types of debt it can issue and for what purpose that debt can be used. The County holds virtually all debt issued for school capital construction.

Economic Factors

As with most rural school districts in North Carolina, Transylvania County Schools has continued to experience declining enrollment over the past several years. The increase in Federal Funds related to the Coronavirus has provided additional funding and made up 13.5% of the 2022-23 budget. The district is planning ahead for the expiration of Federal funds in 2024. The resulting decrease in funding along with state mandated raises and economic inflation will necessitate reductions in all areas. The Board and Senior Leadership have worked diligently to identify programs and positions which can be reduced or eliminated, resulting in minimal student impact. This will again be the case as the 2023-24 budget is finalized and Transylvania County Schools experiences another decrease in allotted ADM.

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Requests for Information

This report is intended to provide a summary of the financial condition of Transylvania County Board of Education. Questions or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Gabi Juba, Chief Financial Officer Transylvania County Board of Education 225 Rosenwald Lane Brevard, NC 28712

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023

_	Primary Government						
	Governmental	Business-type	_				
_	Activities	Activities	Total				
ASSETS							
•	\$ 7,251,982	\$ 1,267,551	\$ 8,519,533				
Due from other governments	73,838	79,875	153,713				
Receivables (net)	208,201	-	208,201				
Inventories	-	98,883	98,883				
Capital assets:							
Land and construction in progress	15,756,416	-	15,756,416				
Other capital assets, net of							
depreciation	21,269,095	365,796	21,634,891				
Total capital assets	37,025,511	365,796	37,391,307				
Total assets	44,559,532	1,812,105	46,371,637				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	22,636,390	610,321	23,246,711				
LIADULTICO							
LIABILITIES Dank avandent	00.600		00.600				
Bank overdraft	82,682	-	82,682				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	670,131	21,012	691,143				
Unearned revenue	070,131	27,967	27,967				
Long-term liabilities:	_	21,501	21,501				
Net pension liability	23,167,468	624,640	23,792,108				
Net OPEB liability	31,607,479	852,199	32,459,678				
Due within one year	1,271,963	32,520	1,304,483				
Due in more than one year	1,359,042	21,536	1,380,578				
Total liabilities	58,158,765	1,579,874	59,738,639				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	17,232,582	464,624	17,697,206				
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	36,999,661	365,796	37,365,457				
Restricted for:	30,999,001	303,790	37,303,437				
Individual school activities	1,162,099	_	1,162,099				
Stabilization by State statute	208,201	<u>-</u>	208,201				
School Capital Outlay	381,703	- -	381,703				
Unrestricted	(46,947,089)	12,132	(46,934,957)				
-	\$ (8,195,425)	\$ 377,928	\$ (7,817,497)				

					Net (Expense) R	evenue and Change	Exhibit 2 es in Net Position
			Program Revenue	es		nt	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Primary government:							
Governmental Activities:							
Instructional services:							
Regular instructional	\$ 20,973,193	\$ 178,409	\$ 17,132,074	\$ -	\$ (3,662,710)	\$ -	\$ (3,662,710)
Special populations	4,760,842	-	4,669,441	-	(91,401)	-	(91,401)
Alternative programs	2,429,872	-	1,796,403	-	(633,469)	-	(633,469)
School leadership	2,759,046	-	1,775,551	-	(983,495)	-	(983,495)
Co-curricular services	1,567,316	1,393,927	-	-	(173,389)	-	(173,389)
School-based support	3,552,572	-	2,204,404	-	(1,348,168)	-	(1,348,168)
System-wide support services							
Support and development	654,872	-	300,159	-	(354,713)	=	(354,713)
Special population support and development	86,487	-	1,097	-	(85,390)	-	(85,390)
Alternative programs and services support and development	113	_	-	-	(113)	-	(113)
Technology support	258,192	_	69,614	-	(188,578)	-	(188,578)
Operational support	6,814,608	-	3,008,063	78,998	(3,727,547)	=	(3,727,547)
Financial and human resource services	615	-	375,773	-	375,158	_	375,158
System-wide pupil support	725,030	-	-	_	(725,030)	_	(725,030)
Policy, leadership and public relations	661,125	_	332,039	_	(329,086)	_	(329,086)
Ancillary services	106,773	_	31,130	_	(75,643)	-	(75,643)
Non-programmed charges	1,025,108	_	309,068	_	(716,040)	_	(716,040)
Unallocated depreciation expense**	20,132	_	-	_	(20,132)	_	(20,132)
Total governmental activities	46,395,896	1,572,336	32,004,816	78,998	(12,739,746)		(12,739,746)
Business-type activities:							
School food service	1,691,160	418,698	1,805,112	49,500	=	582,150	582,150
Total primary government	\$ 48,087,056	\$ 1,991,034	\$ 33,809,928	\$ 128,498	(12,739,746)	582,150	(12,157,596)
	Unrestricted cou	inty appropriations inty appropriations	s - capital	13,086,152 2,012,462	- -	13,086,152 2,012,462	
	Unrestricted Fed	leral grants - oper	ating		739,966	-	739,966
	Investment earn	ings, unrestricted			59,177	1,311	60,488
	Miscellaneous, t	unrestricted			1,964,433	37,380	2,001,813
	Transfers				(364,744)	364,744	=
	Total genera	I revenues and tra	ansfers		17,497,446	403,435	17,900,881
	Change in n	et position			4,757,700	985,585	5,743,285
	Net position-begin Restatement	ning		(12,081,288)	(566,824)	(12,648,112)	
		nning oc rootst-	1	(871,837)	(40,833) (607,657)	(912,670) (13,560,782)	
	Net position - beg	•	ı				
	Net position-endin	g			\$ (8,195,425)	\$ 377,928	\$ (7,817,497)

^{**} This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs

Exhibit 3

Major Funds													
General		State Public School		Individual Schools		Capital Outlay		Federal Grants		Other Special Revenue		Total Governmental Funds	
\$	2,937,019 - - 55,000	\$	198,775 -	\$	1,162,099 - - -	\$	550,212 - - -	\$	73,838 13,297	\$	2,602,652 - - 153,201	\$	7,251,982 73,838 212,072 208,201
\$	2,992,019	\$	198,775	\$	1,162,099	\$	550,212	\$	87,135	\$	2,755,853	\$	7,746,093
\$	- 225,818	\$	82,682 116,093	\$	- -	\$	- 168,509	\$	- 87,135	\$	- 72,576	\$	82,682 670,131
	212,072 437 890		198 775				168 509		87 135	-	- 72 576		212,072 964,885
	55,000 - -		- -		1,162,099 -		381,703		- - -		153,201 - -		208,201 1,162,099 381,703
	2,499,129		<u>-</u>		1 162 000		- 204 702		-		2,530,076		2,530,076 2,499,129
\$	2,992,019	\$	198,775	\$	1,162,099	\$	550,212	\$	87,135	\$	2,755,853		6,781,208
	\$	\$ 2,937,019 55,000 \$ 2,992,019 \$ 225,818 212,072 437,890 55,000 	\$ 2,937,019 \$ 55,000 \$ 2,992,019 \$ \$ 225,818 212,072 437,890 \$ 55,000 2,499,129 2,554,129	General School \$ 2,937,019 - - 198,775 55,000 - \$ 2,992,019 \$ 198,775 \$ 225,818 116,093 212,072 - 437,890 198,775 55,000 - - - 2,499,129 - 2,554,129 -	General School \$ 2,937,019 \$ - - 198,775 55,000 - \$ 2,992,019 \$ 198,775 \$ 225,818 116,093 212,072 - 437,890 198,775 55,000 - - - 2,499,129 - 2,554,129 -	General State Public School Individual Schools \$ 2,937,019 - \$ 1,162,099 - 198,775 - 55,000 - - \$ 2,992,019 \$ 198,775 \$ 1,162,099 \$ 225,818 116,093 - 212,072 - - 437,890 198,775 - 55,000 - - - - 1,162,099 - - - 2,499,129 - - 2,554,129 - 1,162,099	General State Public School Individual Schools Cap \$ 2,937,019 \$ - \$ 1,162,099 \$ - 198,775 - - 55,000 - - - \$ 2,992,019 \$ 198,775 \$ 1,162,099 \$ \$ 225,818 116,093 - - 212,072 - - - 437,890 198,775 - - 55,000 - - - - - 1,162,099 - - - - - 2,499,129 - - - 2,554,129 - 1,162,099	General State Public School Individual Schools Capital Outlay \$ 2,937,019 \$ - \$ 1,162,099 \$ 550,212 - - 198,775 - - - 55,000 - - - - \$ 2,992,019 \$ 198,775 \$ 1,162,099 \$ 550,212 \$ - \$ 82,682 \$ - \$ - - - \$ 225,818 116,093 - 168,509 - <	General State Public School Individual Schools Capital Outlay Fede \$ 2,937,019 \$ - \$ 1,162,099 \$ 550,212 \$ - <t< td=""><td>General State Public School Individual Schools Capital Outlay Federal Grants \$ 2,937,019 \$ - \$ 1,162,099 \$ 550,212 \$ - - - - - 73,838 - - - - - 73,838 - - - - - - 13,297 55,000 -</td></t<> <td>General State Public School Individual Schools Capital Outlay Federal Grants Ot \$ 2,937,019 \$ - \$ 1,162,099 \$ 550,212 \$ - \$ 73,838 \$ 13,297 \$ 13,297 \$ 13,297 \$ 13,297 \$ 13,297 \$ 2,992,019 \$ 198,775 \$ 1,162,099 \$ 550,212 \$ 87,135 \$ \$ \$ 2,992,019 \$ 198,775 \$ 1,162,099 \$ 550,212 \$ 87,135 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$</td> <td>General State Public School Individual Schools Capital Outlay Federal Grants Other Special Revenue \$ 2,937,019 \$ - \$ 1,162,099 \$ 550,212 \$ - \$ 2,602,652 - 198,775 - - 13,297 - - 55,000 - - - 153,201 \$ 2,992,019 \$ 198,775 \$ 1,162,099 \$ 550,212 \$ 87,135 \$ 2,755,853 \$ 2,992,019 \$ 198,775 \$ 1,162,099 \$ 550,212 \$ 87,135 \$ 2,755,853 \$ 2,554,129 \$ 82,682 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - 225,818 116,093 - 168,509 87,135 72,576 212,072 - - - - - 437,890 198,775 - 168,509 87,135 72,576 - - - - - - - 55,000 - - - - - - - - -<</td> <td>General State Public School Individual Schools Capital Outlay Federal Grants Other Special Revenue Go \$ 2,937,019 \$ - \$ 1,162,099 \$ 550,212 \$ - \$ 2,602,652 \$ \$ - - 198,775 - - - 13,297 - - - 153,201 - - - 153,201 - - - 153,201 - - - - - - - - 153,201 -</td>	General State Public School Individual Schools Capital Outlay Federal Grants \$ 2,937,019 \$ - \$ 1,162,099 \$ 550,212 \$ - - - - - 73,838 - - - - - 73,838 - - - - - - 13,297 55,000 -	General State Public School Individual Schools Capital Outlay Federal Grants Ot \$ 2,937,019 \$ - \$ 1,162,099 \$ 550,212 \$ - \$ 73,838 \$ 13,297 \$ 13,297 \$ 13,297 \$ 13,297 \$ 13,297 \$ 2,992,019 \$ 198,775 \$ 1,162,099 \$ 550,212 \$ 87,135 \$ \$ \$ 2,992,019 \$ 198,775 \$ 1,162,099 \$ 550,212 \$ 87,135 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	General State Public School Individual Schools Capital Outlay Federal Grants Other Special Revenue \$ 2,937,019 \$ - \$ 1,162,099 \$ 550,212 \$ - \$ 2,602,652 - 198,775 - - 13,297 - - 55,000 - - - 153,201 \$ 2,992,019 \$ 198,775 \$ 1,162,099 \$ 550,212 \$ 87,135 \$ 2,755,853 \$ 2,992,019 \$ 198,775 \$ 1,162,099 \$ 550,212 \$ 87,135 \$ 2,755,853 \$ 2,554,129 \$ 82,682 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - 225,818 116,093 - 168,509 87,135 72,576 212,072 - - - - - 437,890 198,775 - 168,509 87,135 72,576 - - - - - - - 55,000 - - - - - - - - -<	General State Public School Individual Schools Capital Outlay Federal Grants Other Special Revenue Go \$ 2,937,019 \$ - \$ 1,162,099 \$ 550,212 \$ - \$ 2,602,652 \$ \$ - - 198,775 - - - 13,297 - - - 153,201 - - - 153,201 - - - 153,201 - - - - - - - - 153,201 -

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources	
and therefore are not reported in the funds.	37,025,511
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	14,736,353
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	7,900,037
Some liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest, are not due	
and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds	(2,631,005)
Net pension liability	(23,167,468)
Net OPEB liability	(31,607,479)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(520,401)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(16,712,181)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (8,195,425)

							Exhibit 4
			Major	Funds			
	General	State Public School	Individual Schools	Capital Outlay	Federal Grants	Other Special Revenue	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES							
State of North Carolina	\$ -	\$ 27,325,654	\$ -	\$ 78,998	\$ -	\$ 406,012	\$ 27,810,664
Transylvania County	13,086,152	-	-	2,012,462	-		15,098,614
U.S. Government	-	-		62,602	4,793,906	739,966	5,596,474
Other	143,147		1,393,927	13,275		1,462,239	3,012,588
Total revenues	13,229,299	27,325,654	1,393,927	2,167,337	4,793,906	2,608,217	51,518,340
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instructional services:							
Regular instructional	4,517,902	16,012,605	-	95,663	1,119,469	108,429	21,854,068
Special populations	336,031	3,551,530	-	-	1,117,911	124,515	5,129,987
Alternative programs	220,661	445,589	-	=	1,350,814	541,903	2,558,967
School leadership	1,244,569	1,747,888	-	=	27,663	-	3,020,120
Co-curricular services	329,469	=	1,302,231	85,118	-	-	1,716,818
School-based support	924,018	1,741,121	=	509,114	463,283	218,690	3,856,226
System-wide support services:							
Support and development	416,811	295,313	-	-	4,846	-	716,970
Special population support and development	66,462	-	-	-	1,097	27,095	94,654
Technology support	182,815	67,989	-	-	1,625	3,141	255,570
Operational support	2,724,030	2,649,570	-	1,429,094	358,493	-	7,161,187
Financial and human resource services	418,415	370,904	-	-	4,869	-	794,188
Accountability	673	-	-	-	-	-	673
Policy, leadership and public relations	392,148	328,401	-	-	3,638	-	724,187
Ancillary services	5,793	-	-	49,500	31,130	30,258	116,681
Non-programmed charges	1,152,371	=	-	=	309,068	-	1,461,439
Debt service:							
Principal payments				78,998			78,998
Total expenditures	12,932,168	27,210,910	1,302,231	2,247,487	4,793,906	1,054,031	49,540,733
Revenues over (under) expenditures	297,131	114,744	91,696	(80,150)		1,554,186	1,977,607
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers to other funds	(250,000)	(114,744)					(364,744)
Net change in fund balance	47,131	-	91,696	(80,150)	-	1,554,186	1,612,863
Fund balances-beginning	2,664,735	-	1,070,403	461,853	_	1,129,091	5,326,082
Restatement	(157,737)	_	.,575,156	-	_	., .20,001	(157,737)
Fund balances-beginning, as restated	2,506,998		1,070,403	461,853		1,129,091	5,168,345
Fund balances-ending	\$ 2,554,129	\$ -	\$ 1,162,099	\$ 381,703	\$ -	\$ 2,683,277	\$ 6,781,208

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit	4
(Continued	d)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 1,612,863

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:

Capital outlay 188,479
Depreciation (1,429,808)

Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included in the Statement of Activities. 4,407,599

Contributions to the OPEB plan in the current fiscal year are not included in the Statement of Activities. 1,772,676

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

OPEB nonemployer contributions 239,948

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position:

Repayment on long-term debt 78,998

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Pension expense (5,046,297)
Net OPEB expense 2,900,026
Net change in compensated absences 33,216

Total changes in net position of governmental activities ___\$ 4,757,700_

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND AND ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

· ·				Exhibit 5
		Gener	al Fund	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:		_	_	
State of North Carolina	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Transylvania County	13,196,152	13,086,152	13,086,152	-
U.S. Government	-	-	-	-
Other		113,000	143,147	30,147
Total revenues	13,196,152	13,199,152	13,229,299	30,147
Expenditures: Current: Instructional services				
Regular instructional	4,383,877	4,520,519	4,517,902	2,617
Special populations	296,071	352,007	336,031	15,976
Alternative programs	84,541	211,254	220,661	(9,407)
School leadership	1,272,031	1,233,988	1,244,569	(10,581)
Co-curricular services	357,208	329,469	329,469	-
School-based support	1,095,690	1,094,357	924,018	170,339
System-wide support services			•	·
Support and development	450,538	457,226	416,811	40,415
Special population support and development	65,424	66,462	66,462	-
Technology support	111,021	182,815	182,815	-
Operational support	2,852,945	2,603,308	2,724,030	(120,722)
Financial and human resource services	573,495	472,973	418,415	54,558
Accountability	8,038	673	673	-
Policy, leadership and public relations	347,757	379,358	392,148	(12,790)
Ancillary services	9,065	6,292	5,793	499
Non-programmed charges	1,412,171	1,162,171	1,152,371	9,800
Total expenditures	13,319,872	13,072,872	12,932,168	140,704
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(123,720)	126,280	297,131	170,851
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (to) from other funds		(250,000)	(250,000)	<u>-</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures and other uses	(123,720)	(123,720)	47,131	170,851
Appropriated fund balance	123,720	123,720		(123,720)
Revenue and appropriated fund balance over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$ -	\$ -	47,131	\$ 47,131
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated			2,506,998	
Fund balances, end of year			\$ 2,554,129	

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND AND ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Exhibit 5 (continued)									
		State Publi	c School Fund							
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)						
Revenues:	ф 00 000 55 4	Φ 07.040.400	Ф 07.00F.0F4	Φ (40.500)						
State of North Carolina	\$ 26,333,554	\$ 27,342,183	\$ 27,325,654	\$ (16,529)						
Transylvania County U.S. Government	-	_	_	_						
Other	_	_	-	_						
Total revenues	26,333,554	27,342,183	27,325,654	(16,529)						
Expenditures:				, , ,						
Current: Instructional services										
Regular instructional	17,202,339	15,863,919	16,012,605	(148,686)						
Special populations	3,105,179	3,638,758	3,551,530	87,228						
Alternative programs	767,578	486,985	445,589	41,396						
School leadership	1,492,391	1,770,982	1,747,888	23,094						
Co-curricular services	-	-	-	-						
School-based support	1,225,763	1,754,459	1,741,121	13,338						
System-wide support services										
Support and development	284,283	295,313	295,313	-						
Special population support and development	777	-	-	-						
Technology support	3,292	67,989	67,989	450						
Operational support	1,661,049	2,649,728	2,649,570	158						
Financial and human resource services Accountability	221,681	370,904	370,904	-						
Policy, leadership and public relations	270,461	328,402	328,401	1						
Ancillary services	98,761	520,402	320,401	' -						
Total expenditures	26,333,554	27,227,439	27,210,910	16,529						
Revenues over (under) expenditures		114,744	114,744							
revenues over (under) experiancies		114,744	117,777							
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers (to) from other funds		(114,744)	(114,744)							
Revenues over (under) expenditures and other	-	-	-	-						
Appropriated fund balance										
Revenue and appropriated fund balance over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -						
Fund balances, beginning of year										
Fund balances, end of year			\$ -							

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND AND ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

·			Exhib	oit 5 (continued)
		Federal	Grants Fund	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	•	Φ.	Φ.	Φ.
State of North Carolina	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Transylvania County U.S. Government	8,589,890	10,125,978	4,793,906	(5,332,072)
Other	0,309,090	10,123,976	4,793,900	(3,332,072)
Total revenues	8,589,890	10,125,978	4,793,906	(5,332,072)
Expenditures: Current: Instructional services				
	1 255 297	2 249 706	1 110 460	1 120 227
Regular instructional Special populations	4,255,387 868,267	2,248,796 1,437,951	1,119,469 1,117,911	1,129,327 320,040
Alternative programs	663,771	1,902,434	1,350,814	551,620
School leadership	1,181	28,475	27,663	812
Co-curricular services	1,101	20,470	21,000	-
School-based support	78,166	959,434	463,283	496,151
System-wide support services	70,100	000,101	100,200	100,101
Support and development	74,108	4,874	4,846	28
Special population support and development	-	1,090	1,097	(7)
Technology support	_	1,625	1,625	-
Operational support	2,425,473	2,462,777	358,493	2,104,284
Financial and human resource services	-	4,859	4,869	(10)
Accountability	-	-	-	-
Policy, leadership and public relations	-	3,633	3,638	(5)
Ancillary services	30,186	49,867	31,130	18,737
Non-programmed charges	193,351	1,020,163	309,068	711,095
Total expenditures	8,589,890	10,125,978	4,793,906	5,332,072
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-	-	-	-
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (to) from other funds				
Revenues over (under) expenditures and other	-	-	-	-
Appropriated fund balance				
Revenue and appropriated fund balance over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -
Fund balances, beginning of year				
Fund balances, end of year			\$ -	

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND AND ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

						Exhi	bit 5	(continued)
			О	ther Specia	al R	evenue Fur	nd	
		Original Final Budget Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	•	500.000	•	544.704	•	100.010	•	(405.750)
State of North Carolina	\$	566,069	\$	541,764	\$	406,012	\$	(135,752)
Transylvania County		5,842		-		700.000		-
U.S. Government Other		456,989		85,339		739,966		654,627
				384,552		1,462,239		1,077,687
Total revenues		1,028,900		1,011,655		2,608,217		1,596,562
Expenditures: Current: Instructional services Regular instructional Special populations		2,075 281,183		101,256 285,273		108,429 124,515		(7,173) 160,758
Alternative programs		610,155		535,503		541,903		(6,400)
School leadership		010,100		-		5-1,505		(0,400)
Co-curricular services		_		_		_		_
School-based support		107,351		266,368		218,690		47,678
System-wide support services		107,001		200,300		210,030		47,070
Support and development		_		_		_		_
Special population support and development		30,211		27,095		27,095		_
Technology support		00,211		3,125		3,141		(16)
Operational support				0,120		0,141		(10)
Financial and human resource services		_		_		_		_
Accountability				_		_		_
Policy, leadership and public relations		_		_		_		_
Ancillary services		_		27,200		30,258		(3,058)
Non-programmed charges		_		21,200		50,250		(3,030)
-		1 000 075	_	1.045.000	_	4.054.004		404.700
Total expenditures		1,030,975		1,245,820		1,054,031		191,789
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(2,075)		(234,165)		1,554,186		1,788,351
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (to) from other funds								
Revenues over (under) expenditures and other uses		(2,075)		(234,165)		1,554,186		1,788,351
Appropriated fund balance		2,075		234,165				(234,165)
Revenue and appropriated fund balance over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$		\$	<u>-</u>		1,554,186	\$	1,554,186
Fund balances, beginning of year						1,129,091		
Fund balances, end of year					\$	2,683,277		

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Fu	
	Ма	jor Fund
	School Food Service	
ASSETS		
Current assets:	•	1 007 551
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,267,551
Due from other governments Inventories		79,875 98,883
Total current assets		1,446,309
		1,110,000
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets, net		365,796
·		-
Total assets		1,812,105
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		610,321
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		21,012
Compensated absences		32,520
Unavailable revenue		27,967
Total current liabilities		81,499
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Net pension liability		624,640
Net OPEB liability		852,199
Compensated absences		21,536
Total liabilities		1,579,874
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		464,624
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		365,796
Unrestricted		12,132
Total net position	\$	377,928

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION -PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	 orise Fund or Fund
	ool Food ervice
OPERATING REVENUES Food sales	\$ 418,698
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Food cost	1,116,584
Salaries and benefits	443,135
Indirect costs	106,408
Materials and supplies Contracted services	2,221
Noncapital equipment	30,069 8,209
Repairs and maintenance	22,520
Depreciation	62,520
Travel	1,596
Other	 4,306
Total operating expenses	 1,797,568
Operating income (loss)	(1,378,870)
NONOPERATING REVENUES	
Federal reimbursements	1,674,079
Federal commodities	120,780
State reimbursements	10,253
Interest earned	1,311
Indirect costs not paid	106,408 36,021
Gain on sale of capital assets Other	1,359
Total nonoperating revenues	1,950,211
Income (loss) before transfers and capital	
contributions	571,341
Capital contribution from the Capital Outlay Fund	49,500
Operating transfer from the General Fund	250,000
Operating transfer from the State Pubic School Fund	 114,744
Change in net position	985,585
Total net position - beginning	(566,824)
Restatement	 (40,833)
Total net position - beginning, as restated	(607,657)
Total net position - ending	\$ 377,928
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.	Page 21

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Fund
	Major Fund
	School Food Service
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash received from customers	\$ 418,618
Cash paid for goods and services	(1,040,170)
Cash paid to employees for services	(944,992)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(1,566,544)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Federal reimbursements	1,647,073
State reimbursements	10,253
Due to other funds	(38,444)
Other revenues	1,359
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	1,620,241
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Acquisition of capital assets	(112,766)
Cash proceeds on disposal	37,209
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(75,557)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest on investments and other	1,311
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(20,549)
Balances-beginning of the year	1,288,100
Balances-end of the year	\$ 1,267,551

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit 8 (Continued)

Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,378,870)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation	62,520
Donated commodities consumed	120,780
Transfers from other funds	364,744
Indirect costs not paid	106,408
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities:	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	183
(Increase) decrease in inventory	23,638
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	917
(Increase) decrease in net OPEB asset	1,302
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	(235,708)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	357,664
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability	(609,490)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	(382,131)
Increase (decrease) in unavailable revenues	(264)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	 1,762
Total adjustments	(187,675)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (1,566,545)

* Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:

The State Public School Fund paid salaries and benefits of \$114,744 to personnel of the School Food Service Fund during the fiscal year. The payment is reflected as a transfer in and as an operating expense on Exhibit 7.

The School Nutrition Fund received \$49,500 of capital assets as a capital contribution from the Capital Outlay

The General Fund transferred \$250,000 to the School Food Service Fund during the fiscal year. The payment is reflected as an operating transfer in on Exhibit 7.

Indirect costs of \$106,408 that would be due to the Other Special Revenue Fund were not paid. These unpaid costs are reflected as a nonoperating revenue and an operating expense on Exhibits 7.

The School Nutrition Fund received donated commodities with a value of \$120,780 during the fiscal year. The receipt of the commodities is recognized as a nonoperating revenue.

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUND June 30, 2023

	Private Purpose Trust		
ASSETS			
Current assets:	•	050.000	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	359,392	
NET POSITION Assets held in trust for private purpose	_\$	359,392	

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Private Pur Trust	-
ADDITIONS: Contributions	Φ Ε/	0.000
Interest		0,000 2,754
Total additions		2,754
DEDUCTIONS:		
Scholarships awarded	4	5,250
Change in net position	7	7,504
Beginning net position	35	1,888
Ending net position	\$ 359	9,392

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Transylvania County Board of Education conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Transylvania County Board of Education (Board) is a Local Education Agency empowered by State law [Chapter 115C of the North Carolina General Statutes] with the responsibility to oversee and control all activities related to public school education in Transylvania County, North Carolina. The Board receives State, local, and federal government funding and must adhere to the legal requirements of each funding entity. The Board has no component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Board. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the effect of internal activities upon revenues and expenses. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Board. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Board and for each function of the Board's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Board's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. All expenses are considered to be operating expenses.

The Board reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Board. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are accounted for in another fund. This fund is the "Local Current Expense Fund", which is mandated by state law (G.S. 115C-426).

State Public School Fund. The State Public School Fund includes appropriations from the Department of Public Instruction for the current operating expenditures of the public school system.

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30. 2023

Federal Grants Fund. The Federal Grants Fund includes appropriations from the federal government, generally the U.S. Department of Education, which are passed-through the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction for the current operating expenditures of the school system.

Individual Schools Fund. The Individual Schools Fund includes revenues and expenditures of the activity funds of the individual schools. The primary revenue sources include funds held on the behalf of various clubs and organizations, receipts from athletic events, and proceeds from various fund raising activities. The primary expenditures are for athletic teams, club programs, activity buses and instructional needs.

Other Special Revenue Fund. The Other Special Revenue Fund is used to account for revenues from reimbursements, including indirect costs, fees for actual costs, tuition, sales tax refunds, gifts and grants restricted as to use, federal and State grants restricted as to use, federal and State appropriations made directly to local school administrative units, funds received for prekindergarten programs and special programs.

Capital Outlay Fund. The Capital Outlay Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds). It is mandated by State law [G.S.115C-426]. Capital projects are funded by Transylvania County appropriations, restricted sales tax moneys, proceeds of county debt issued for public school construction, lottery proceeds as well as certain State assistance.

The Board reports the following major enterprise fund:

School Food Service Fund. The School Food Service Fund is used to account for the food service program within the school system.

The Board reports the following fiduciary fund:

Private Purpose Trust Fund. The Private Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for scholarship money under control of the Board for the benefit of students in the district.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Board gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include grants and donations. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Board considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. These could include federal, State, and county grants, and some charges for services. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Board funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Board's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Board's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. Annual budgets are adopted for all funds, except for the individual schools special revenue funds, as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. No budget is required by State law for individual school funds. All appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund. All amendments must be approved by the Board of Education. The Board has authorized the Superintendent to transfer appropriations within a fund under the following conditions:

 The Superintendent may transfer amounts within a fund that do not exceed a cumulative total of plus or minus ten percent (10%) between functions.

Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several immaterial amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 115C-444]. The Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit. The Board also has money credited in its name with the State Treasurer and may issue State warrants against these funds.

State law [G.S. 115C-443] authorizes the Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT), an SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund; and the North Carolina State Treasurer's Short Term Investment Fund (STIF). The STIF is managed by the staff of the Department of State Treasurer and operated in accordance with state laws and regulations. It is not registered with the SEC. It consists of an internal portion and an external portion in which the Board participates. Investments are restricted to those enumerated in G.S. 147-69.1.

The Board's investments are reported at amortized cost or at fair value determined by either quoted market prices or a matrix pricing model. Bank deposits are measured at amortized cost. Ownership interest in the STIF is determined on a fair market valuation basis as of fiscal year end in accordance with the STIF operating procedures. Valuation of the underlying assets is performed by the custodian. All investments are measured using the market approach. The STIF is classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy and is valued using prices that are either directly or indirectly observable for an asset or liability. Under the authority of G.S. 147-69.3, no unrealized gains or losses of the STIF are distributed to external participants of the fund.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Board pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Inventories

The inventories of the Board are valued at cost and the Board uses the first-in, first-out (FIFO) flow assumption in determining cost. Proprietary Fund inventories consist of food and supplies and are recorded as expenses when consumed.

4. Capital Assets

The Board's capital assets are recorded at original cost. Donated assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation or forfeiture. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other capital assets are recorded at original cost. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Certain items are recorded at an estimated original historical cost. The total of these estimates is not considered large enough that any errors would be material when capital assets are considered as a whole.

It is the policy of the Board to capitalize all capital assets costing more than \$5,000 with an estimated useful life of two or more years. In addition, other items that are purchased and used in large quantities, such as student desks, are capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	40
Equipment and furniture	5 - 12
Vehicles	7

Depreciation for assets that serve multiple purposes cannot be allocated ratably and is therefore reported as "unallocated depreciation" on the Statement of Activities.

5. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Board has several items that meet this criterion - pension and OPEB related deferrals and contributions made to the plans subsequent to the measurement date. The statement of financial position also reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Board has several items that meet this criterion - unearned grant revenue in the General Fund and pension and OPEB related deferrals.

6. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

7. Compensated Absences

The Board follows the State's policy for vacation and sick leave. Employees may accumulate up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Board, the current portion of the accumulated vacation pay is not considered to be material. The Board's liability for accumulated earned vacation and the salary-related payments as of June 30, 2023 is recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements on a FIFO basis. An estimate has been made based on prior years' records of the current portion of compensated absences.

The sick leave policy of the Board provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Board has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

8. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through State statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of four classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted fund balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 115C-425(a)].

Restricted for school capital outlay - portion of fund balance that can only be used for school capital outlay. [G.S. 159-18 through 22]

Restricted for Individual Schools – revenue sources restricted for expenditures for the various clubs and organizations, athletic events, and various fund raising activities for which they were collected.

Assigned fund balance – portion of fund balance that the Board of Education intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted. The Board of Education approves the appropriation.

Special revenues – portion of fund balance that represents the residual amount of revenues from certain grants, reimbursements, indirect costs and other financial resources in excess of related expenditures that the Board of Education has assigned to be expended for educational services. This amount can be expended on instructional services, system-wide support services, ancillary services or non-programmed charges.

Unassigned fund balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds. A negative unassigned fund balance may be reported in other governmental funds if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes.

The Board of Education has a management policy for revenue spending that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-board of education funds, board of education funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Board of Education.

9. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

a. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance - total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of \$(14,976,633) consists of several elements as follows:

Description	 Amount
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide statement in governmental	
activities column) Less Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 74,306,708 37,281,197
·	
Net capital assets	37,025,511
Pension related deferred outflows of resources	14,736,353
OPEB related deferred outflows of resources	7,900,037
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the	
current period, do not require current resources to pay and	
are therefore not recorded in the fund statements:	
Installment financing	(25,850)
Compensated absences	(2,605,155)
Net pension liability	(23,167,468)
Net OPEB liability	(31,607,479)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(520,401)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	 (16,712,181)
Total adjustment	\$ (14,976,633)

b. <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities</u>

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. There are several elements of that total adjustment of \$3,144,837 as follows:

Description	Amount
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets in the statement of activities.	\$ 188,479
Depreciation expenses, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements.	(1,429,808)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	4,407,599
Contributions to the OPEB plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	1,772,676
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. OPEB nonemployer contributions	239,948
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on the fund statements but affects only the statement of net position in the government-wide statements.	78,998
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements. Pension expense Net OPEB expense Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements but not in the fund statements because they do not use current resources.	(5,046,297) 2,900,026 33,216
Total adjustment	\$ 3,144,837

<u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan and OPEB Plans</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS), the Retiree Health Benefit Fund (RHBF), and the Disability Income Plan of NC (DIPNC) and additions to/deductions from TSERS, RHBF, and DIPNC's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TSERS, RHBF, and DIPNC. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Board's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Board has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of TSERS, RHBF, and DIPNC. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Board reported expenditures that violated State law [G.S. 115C-441] due to actual expenditures exceeding the budget within the General Fund, State Public School Fund, Federal Grants Fund, School Food Service, and Other Special Revenue Fund which is in violation of North Carolina General Statutes. Expenditures in excess of budgeted amounts can be seen in the accompanying budget-to-actual financial statements.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All of the Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Board's agents in the unit's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the agent in the entity's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Board or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Board has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2023, the Board had deposits with banks and savings and loans with a carrying amount of \$8,412,892 and with the State Treasurer of \$0. The bank balances with the financial institutions and the State Treasurer were \$8,566,490 and \$(82,682), respectively. Of these balances, \$1,127,234 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$7,356,574 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the name of the State Treasurer.

Investments

At June 30, 2023, the Board had \$466,033 invested with the State Treasurer in the Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). The STIF is unrated and had a weighted average of maturity of 1.30 years at June 30, 2023. The Board has no policy for managing interest risk or credit risk.

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

2. Accounts Receivable

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Du	ie from (to)			
	ot	her funds	D	ue from	
	(Internal			other	
	B	Balances)	gov	ernments_	Other
Governmental activities:					
General Fund	\$	(212,072)	\$	-	\$ 55,000
Other governmental activities		212,072		73,838	 153,201
Total	\$	_	\$	73,838	\$ 208,201
Business-type activities:					
School Food Service	\$		\$	79,875	\$

Due from other governments consists of the following:

Governmental activities:		
Federal Grants Fund	\$ 73,838	NC Department of Public Instruction
		•
Business-type activities:		
School Food Service Fund	\$ 79,875	USDA grant reimbursement

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

		Beginning			Ret	irements	Ending	J
		Balances		Increases	and	transfers	Balance	s
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being								
depreciated:								
Land	\$	12,284,916	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 12,284,	
Construction in progess		3,471,500					3,471,	<u>500</u>
Total capital assets not								
being depreciated		15,756,416					15,756,	<u>416</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		52,829,912		-		-	52,829,	
Furniture and equipment		683,762		34,035		-	717,	
Vehicles		4,848,139		154,444		<u>-</u>	5,002,	583
Total capital assets								
being depreciated		58,361,813		188,479			58,550,	292
Less accumulated								
depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		31,308,376		1,132,991		-	32,441,	
Furniture and equipment		515,555		20,132		-	535,	
Vehicles		4,027,458		276,685			4,304,	<u> 143</u>
Total accumulated								
depreciation		35,851,389		1,429,808			37,281,	<u> 197</u>
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net	_	22,510,424					21,269,	095
Governmental activity capital								
assets, net	<u>\$</u>	38,266,840					\$ 37,025,	<u>511</u>
		Beginning					Ending	ı
		Balances		Increases	De	ecreases	Balance	
Business-type activities:								_
School Food Service Fund:								
Captial assets being depreciated:								
Furniture and equipment	\$	897,798	\$	45,319	\$	41,242	\$ 901,8	75
Vehicles	Ψ	77,708	Ψ	116,947	Ψ	26,787		
Total capital assets being depreciated		975,506	-	162,266	_	68,029	1,069,7	
Less accumulated depreciation for:		370,000	-	102,200		00,020	1,000,7	10
Furniture and equipment		645,041		60,299		40,054	665,2	96
Vehicles		63,227		2,221		26,787	38,6	
			_					_
Total accumulated depreciation		708,268	_	62,520	_	66,841	703,9	+/
School Food Service capital assets,	•	007.000					Φ 005 =	00
net:	\$	267,238					\$ 365,7	96

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instructional services	\$ 1,132,991
System-wide support services	276,685
Unallocated depreciation	 20,132
Total	\$ 1,429,808

B. Liabilities

- 1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations
- a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Board is a participating employer in the statewide Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. TSERS membership is comprised of employees of the State (state agencies and institutions), universities, community colleges, and certain proprietary component units along with the employees of Local Education Agencies and charter schools. Article 1 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the TSERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's ACFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TSERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. TSERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.82% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

TSERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 135-8 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Board employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the TSERS Board of Trustees. The Board's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023, was 17.38% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Board were \$4,526,436 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Refunds of Contributions – Board employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of TSERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by TSERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the Board reported a liability of \$23,792,108 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Board's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating TSERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022 and at June 30, 2021, the Board's proportion was .16% and .15%, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Board recognized pension expense of (\$5,103,186). At June 30, 2023, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 rred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	103,592	\$ 324,290
Changes of assumptions		1,877,107	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		7,814,282	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Board contributions and proportionate share of contributions		812,256	210,142
Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date		4,526,436	
Total	\$	15,133,673	\$ 534,432

\$4,526,436 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2024		\$ 2,730,304
2025		2,505,642
2026		1,090,912
2027		3,745,948
2028		-
Thereafter	_	-
	Total	\$ 10,072,805

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all period included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.25% to 8.05%, including inflation and productivity

factor

Investment rate of return 6.50%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation were based on the actuarial experience study for the prepared as of December 31, 2019 and adopted by the Board of Trustees on January 28, 2021. Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100.0%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2021 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including TSERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 2.50%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability reported at June 30, 2023 and 2022 was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Board's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the Board's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

	Current						
		1% Decrease (5.50%)		Discount Rate (6.50%)		1% Increase (7.50%)	
Board's proportionate share of the							
net pension liability (asset)	\$	42,065,658	\$	23,792,108	\$	8,708,753	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Other Postemployment Benefits

Healthcare Benefits

Plan description. The Retiree Health Benefit Fund (RHBF) has been established as a fund to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. RHBF is established by General Statute 135, Article 1 of the General Statutes. It is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit healthcare plan, exclusively for the benefit of former employees of the State, the University of

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30. 2023

North Carolina System, and community colleges. In addition, LEAs, charter schools, and some select local governments also participate.

Management of the plan is vested in the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – eight appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer the State Superintendent and the Director of the Office of State Human Resources who serve as ex-officio members. RHBF is supported by a percent of payroll contribution from participating employing units. Each year the percentage is set in legislation, as are the maximum per retiree contributions from RHBF to the State Health Plan. The State Treasurer, with the approval of the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, then sets the employer contributions (subject to the legislative cap) and the premiums to be paid by retirees, as well as the health benefits to be provided through the State Health Plan.

The financial statements and other required disclosures for the plan are presented in the State of North Carolina's ACFR, which can be found at https://www.osc.nc.gov/public-information/reports.

Benefits provided. Plan benefits received by retired employees and disabled employees from RHBF are OPEB. The healthcare benefits for retired and disabled employees who are not eligible for Medicare are the same as for active employees. The plan options change when former employees become eligible for Medicare. Medicare retirees have the option of selecting one of two fully-insured Medicare Advantage/Prescription Drug Plan (MA-PDP) options of the self-funded Traditional 70/30 preferred Provider Organization plan option that is also offered to non-Medicare members. If the Traditional 70/30 Plan is selected by a Medicare retiree, the self-funded State Health Plan coverage is secondary to Medicare.

Those former employees who are eligible to receive medical benefits from RHBF are long-term disability beneficiaries of the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC) and retirees of the TSERS, the Consolidated Judicial Retirement System (CJRS), the Legislative Retirement System (LRS), the University Employees' Optional Retirement Program (ORP), and a small number of local governments, with five or more years of contributory membership service in their retirement system prior to disability or retirement, with the following exceptions: for employees first hired on or after October 1, 2006, and members of the General Assembly first taking office on or after February 1, 2007, future coverage as retired employees and retired members of the General Assembly is subject to the requirement that the future retiree have 20 or more years of retirement service credit in order to receive coverage on a noncontributory basis. Employees first hired on or after October 1, 2006 and members of the General Assembly first taking office on or after February 1, 2007 with 10 but less than 20 years of retirement service credit are eligible for coverage on a partially contributory basis. For such future retirees, the State will pay 50% of the State Health Plan's noncontributory premium.

Section 35.21 (c) and (d) of Session Law 2017-57 repeals retiree medical benefits for employees first hired January 1, 2021. The new legislation amends Article 3B of Chapter 135 of the General Statutes to require that retirees must earn contributory retirement service in TSERS (or in an allowed local system unit), CJRS, or LRS prior to January 1, 2021, and not withdraw that service, in order to be eligible for retiree medical benefits under the amended law. Consequently, members first hired on and after January 1, 2021 will not be eligible to receive retiree medical benefits.

RHBF's benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 1 and Chapter 135, Article 3B of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. RHBF does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

Contributions. By General Statute, accumulated contributions from employers to RHBF and any earnings on those contributions shall be used to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. By statute, contributions to RHBF are irrevocable. Also by law, fund assets are dedicated to providing benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries and are not subject to the claims of creditors of the employers making contributions to RHBF. However, RHBF assets may be used for reasonable expenses to administer the RHBF, including costs to conduct

required actuarial valuations of state—supported retired employees' health benefits. Contribution rates to RHBF, which are intended to finance benefits and administrative expenses on a pay-as-you-go basis are determined by the General Assembly in the Appropriations Bill. For the current fiscal year, the Board contributed 6.89% of covered payroll which amounted to \$1,794,427. During the current fiscal year, the plan also recognized a one-time transfer of excess funding from the Public Employees Health Benefits Fund totaling \$187.0 million, which was isolated from the OPEB expense and allocated to participating employers as a separate revenue item. The Board's proportionate share of this allocation totaled \$246,417.

At June 30, 2023, Board reported a liability of \$32,417,870 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The total OPEB liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Board's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the Board's present value of future salary, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022 and at June 30, 2021, the Boards proportion was 0.14% and .13%, respectively.

\$1,794,427 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2024	\$	(4,324,815)
2025		(2,635,241)
2026		(2,652,790)
2027		(1,340,564)
2028		-
Thereafter		
To	otal \$	(10,953,410)

Actuarial assumptions. Common actuarial assumptions for both OPEB plans follow individual note disclosures for each OPEB plan.

Healthcare cost trend rates:

Medical5.00-6.00%Prescription drug5.00-9.50%Administrative costs3.00%

Post-retirement mortality rates Pub-2010 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females,

adjusted for Collar for some Participants, further adjusted with scaling

factors varying by participant group, and projected for mortality

improvement using Scale MP-2019

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for the RHBF at June 30, 2023 and 2022 were 3.54% and 2.16%, respectively. The projection of cash flow used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers would be made at the current statutorily determined contribution rate. Based on the above assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members. As a result, a municipal bond rate of 2.16% was used as the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability. The 2.16% rate is based on the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Index as of June 30, 2022.

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Sensitivity of the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.54 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (4.54 percent) than the current discount rate:

1% Decrease (2.54%)		Current Discount Rate (3.54%)			1% Increase (4.54%)		
Net OPEB liability	\$	38,184,516	\$	32,417,870	\$	27,708,086	

Sensitivity of the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare trend rates. The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare trend rates:

		Current Trend Rates (6.50% Medical, 7.25% Rx, 3.00%					
	 Decrease in rend Rates	A	dministrative Expenses)	-	Increase in rend Rates		
Net OPEB liability	\$ 26,685,093	\$	32,417,870	\$	39,828,304		

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ACFR for the State of North Carolina.

Disability Benefits

Plan description. Short-term and long-term disability benefits are provided through the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan, to the eligible members of TSERS which includes employees of the State, the University of North Carolina System, community colleges, certain Local Education Agencies, and ORP.

Management of the plan is vested in the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – eight appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer the State Superintendent and the Director of the Office of State Human Resources who serve as ex-officio members. Management of the plan is vested in the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – eight appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer the State Superintendent and the Director of the Office of State Human Resources who serve as ex-officio members.

The financial statements and other required disclosures for the plan are presented in the State of North Carolina's ACFR, which can be found at https://www.osc.nc.gov/public-information/reports.

Benefits Provided. Long-term disability benefits are payable as an OPEB from DIPNC after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease, whichever is later, for as long as an employee is disabled. An employee is eligible to receive long-term disability benefits provide the following requirements are met: (1) the employee has five or more years of contributing membership service in TSERS or ORP, earned within 96 months prior to the end of the short-term disability period or cessation of salary continuation payments, whichever is later; (2) the employee must make application to receive long-term benefits within 180 days after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease or after monthly payments for Workers'

Compensation cease (excluding monthly payments for permanent partial benefits), whichever is later; (3) the employee must be certified by the Medical Board to be mentally or physically disabled for the further performance of his/her usual occupation; (4) the disability must have been continuous, likely to be permanent, and incurred at the time of active employment; (5) the employee must not be eligible to receive an unreduced retirement benefit from TSERS after (1) reaching the age of 65 and completing 5 years of membership service, or (2) reaching the age of 60 and completing 25 years of creditable service, or (3) completing 30 years of service at any age.

Contributions. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Disability income benefits are funded by actuarially determined employer contributions that are established in the Appropriations Bill by the General Assembly and coincide with the State fiscal year. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, employers made a statutory contribution of 0.10% of covered payroll which was equal to the actuarially required contribution. Board contributions to the plan were \$26,044 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

The contributions cannot be separated between the amounts that relate to other postemployment benefits and employment benefits for active employees. Those individuals who are receiving extended short-term disability benefit payments cannot be separated from the number of members currently eligible to receive disability benefits as an other postemployment benefit.

At June 30, 2023, Board reported an OPEB liability of \$41,808 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The total OPEB asset was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Board's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the Board's present value of future salary, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022 and at June 30, 2021, the Boards proportion was .14% and .13%, respectively.

\$26,044 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2024		\$ 21,149
2025		24,190
2026		17,225
2027		13,179
2028		2,290
Thereafter		 5,170
	Total	\$ 83,203

Actuarial assumptions. Common actuarial assumptions for both OPEB plans follow individual note disclosures for each OPEB plan.

Inflation 2.50% Salary increases 3.25% to 8.05%, including a 3.25% inflation and

productivity factor
Investment rate of return 3.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

it rate of return 3.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

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TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30. 2023

Sensitivity of the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.00 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (4.00 percent) than the current discount rate:

	 Decrease 2.00%)	Discount Rate 3.00%)	1% Increase (4.00%)			
Net OPEB liability	\$ 51,481	\$ 41,808	\$	32,111		

Common actuarial assumptions for both OPEB plans. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement, unless otherwise specified. The total OPEB liability was calculated through the use of update procedures to roll forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The update procedures incorporated the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation. The entry age normal cost method was utilized.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. teacher, general, law enforcement officer), and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience review for the period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2019.

DIPNC is primarily invested in the Bond Index Investment Pool as of June 30, 2022. The long-term expected rate of return was determined based on the combination of expected future real rates of return and expected inflation. The long-term expected real rate of return for the Bond Index Investment Pool as of June 30, 2022 is 1.3%.

Total OPEB Expense, OPEB Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to OPEB

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	 RHBF	 DIPNC		Total
OPEB expense OPEB liability (asset) Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 3,682,508 32,417,870 0.137%	\$ (59,542) 41,808 0.141%	\$	3,622,966 32,459,678
Deferred of Outflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 314,735	\$ 46,863	\$	361,598
Changes of assumptions	2,595,472	2,687		2,598,159
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments Changes in proportion and defferences between Board	280,725	44,220		324,945
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	3,004,312	3,553		3,007,865
Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 1,794,427	 26,044	_	1,820,471
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 7,989,671	\$ 123,367	\$	8,113,038
Deferred of Inflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 89,704	\$ -	\$	89,704
Changes of assumptions	14,754,136	7,745		14,761,881
Changes in proportion and differences between Board contributions and proportionate share of contributions	 2,304,814	 6,375		2,311,189
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 17,148,654	\$ 14,120	\$	17,162,774

2. Accounts Payable

Accounts payable as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	\	/endors
Governmental Activities:		
General Fund	\$	225,818
Other Governmental		444,313
Total - Governmental Activities	\$	670,131
Business-type Activities School Food Service Fund	\$	21,012

Deferred Inflows of resources

The balance in deferred inflows of resources at year-end is composed of the following:

	 erred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Changes in proportion and differences between Board contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$ 3,820,121	\$	2,521,331		
Changes in assumptions	4,475,266		14,761,881		
Difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	8,139,227		-		
Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date	6,346,907		-		
Difference between expected and actual experience	465,190		413,994		
Total	\$ 23,246,711	\$	17,697,206		

3. Unavailable Revenues

The balance in unavailable revenues at June 30, 2023 is composed of the following elements:

	_	available evenue
Prepaid lunch balances (School Food Service Fund)	\$	27,967

4. Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board protects itself from potential loss through commercial insurance.

The Board maintains general liability insurance coverage of \$1 million per occurrence with a \$3 million aggregate. They also maintain worker's compensation, employee benefit, health student, sexual misconduct and molestation, and school district & educator's legal coverage each of \$1 million per accident. The state provides worker's compensation for employees to the extent they are paid from state funds. The Board participates in the Public School Insurance Fund (the Fund), a voluntary, self-funded risk control and risk-financing fund administered by the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction, insuring the tangible property assets of the Board. The Fund provides coverage up to \$10 million per occurrence and \$20 million in aggregate annually. Excess reinsurance is purchased through commercial insurers, who participate in property losses in excess of the Fund's self-insured retention of \$10 million. A total limit of \$100 million per occurrence is purchased for covered catastrophic events, \$400 million maximum per occurrence for any one flood or earthquake. The Board does not have flood insurance in case of natural disaster.

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30. 2023

The Board also participates in the Teachers' and State Employees' Comprehensive Major Medical Plan, a self-funded risk financing pool of the state administered by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of North Carolina. The Board pays the full cost of coverage for employees if enrolled in the 70/30 plan and partial for those enrolled in the 80/20 plan.

In accordance with G.S. 115C-442, the Board's employees who have custody of the Board's monies at any given time of the Board's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer is bonded for \$100,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$100,000.

The Board carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

5. Long-Term Obligations

a. Direct Placement Installment Purchases

The Board is authorized to finance the purchase of school buses under G.S. 115C-528(a). Session law 2003-284, section 7.25 authorized the State Board of Education to allot moneys for the payments on financing contracts entered into pursuant to G.S. 115C-528. The State has accepted the bid to purchase Thomas Built Buses through third party financing arrangements. The Board has entered into such contracts for the purchase of school buses. The buses are pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. As of June 30, 2023, the Board has entered into such contracts for the purchase of school buses. The terms of the financing contracts require annual payments of \$25,850.

The future minimum payments of the installment purchases as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	P	Principal			
2024	\$	25,850			

b. Long-Term Obligation Activity

The following is a summary of changes in the Board's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance						Balance					
	July 1, 2022						June 30,		Current			
	 as restated		ncreases	Decreases			Decreases			2023		/laturities
Governmental activities:												
Direct placement												
installment purchases	\$ 104,848	\$	-	\$	78,998	\$	25,850	\$	25,850			
Net pension liability	6,556,510	1	6,610,958		-		23,167,468		-			
Net OPEB liability	37,535,605		-		5,928,126		31,607,479		-			
Compensated absences	 2,638,371		2,355,464		2,388,680		2,605,155	_1	1,246,113			
Total	\$ 46,835,334	<u>\$ 1</u>	8,966,422	\$	8,395,804	\$	57,405,952	\$ 1	1,271,963			
Business-type activities:												
Net pension liability	\$ 266,976	\$	357,664	\$	-	\$	624,640	\$	_			
Net OPEB liability	1,461,689		-		609,490		852,199		-			
Compensated absences	 52,294		83,387		81,625		54,056		32,520			
Total	\$ 1,780,959	\$	441,051	\$	691,115	\$	1,530,895	\$	32,520			

Compensated absences related to governmental activities are typically liquidated by the General and other governmental funds.

6. Interfund Balances and Activity

a. Transfers to/from other Funds

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2023 consist of the following:

From the State Public School Fund to the School Food Service Fund for administrative costs

114,744

From the General Fund to the School Food Service Fund for administrative costs

250,000

b. Interfund Balances

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
State Public School Fund	General Fund	<u>\$ 198.775</u>
Federal Grants Fund	General Fund	\$ 13.297

These items occurred in the normal operating cycle of the Board. These amounts are expected to be paid in the following fiscal year.

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

7. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation.

Total fund balance - General Fund \$ 2,554,129

Less:

Stabilization by State statute 55,000

Remaining fund balance \$ 2,499,129

NOTE 4 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the board reported prior period adjustments for the General Fund, School Food Service Fund, governmental activities, and business-type activities. Accounts payable in the amount of \$157,737 in the General Fund was determined to be understated as of June 30, 2022. The correction of this error decreased fund balance for the General Fund by \$157,737. Furthermore, certain liabilities in the School Food Service Fund and business type activities were determined to be understated by \$40,833. Of this amount, \$12,602 was due to the annual leave liability being understated, and \$28,231 was due to unearned revenues being understated. The correction of these errors decreased the net position for the School Food Service Fund and net position of the business-type activities by \$40,833. Lastly, certain liabilities in the governmental activities were determined to be understated by \$871,837. Of this amount, \$635,812 was due to the annual leave liability being understated, \$78,288 was due to the installment purchase obligation for school buses being understated, and \$157,737 was due to the General Fund accounts payable being understated. The correction of these errors decreased governmental activities' net position as of June 30, 2022.

NOTE 5 - SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Board has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS' AND STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.160%	0.146%	0.150%	0.149%	0.152%
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 23,792,108	\$ 6,823,486	\$ 18,112,122	\$ 15,418,775	\$ 15,156,154
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 25,873,421	\$ 23,164,826	\$ 23,135,803	\$ 22,513,082	\$ 21,916,412
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	91.96%	29.46%	78.29%	68.49%	69.15%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84.14%	94.86%	92.01%	91.89%	89.51%
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	2018 0.154%	2017 0.157%	2016 0.155%	2015 0.151%	2014 0.152%
Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)					
	0.154%	0.157%	0.155%	0.151%	0.152%
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.154%	0.157% \$ 14,460,249	0.155% \$ 5,720,900	0.151%	0.152% \$ 9,246,162

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS' AND STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019
Contractually required contribution	\$	4,526,436	\$	4,238,209	\$	3,423,761	\$	3,000,714	\$	2,766,858
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		4,526,436		4,238,209		3,423,761		3,000,714		2,766,858
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$	26,043,935	\$	25,873,421	\$	23,164,826	\$	23,135,803	\$	22,513,082
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		17.38%		16.38%		14.78%		12.97%		12.29%
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll										
		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Contractually required contribution	\$	2018 2,363,589	\$	2017 2,129,967	<u> </u>	2016 1,934,034	\$	2015 1,941,018		2014 1,773,286
	\$		\$		\$,	\$		\$	
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,363,589	\$	2,129,967	\$	1,934,034	\$	1,941,018	\$	1,773,286
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ \$	2,363,589	\$ \$	2,129,967	\$ \$	1,934,034	\$ \$	1,941,018	\$ \$	1,773,286

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY RETIREE HEALTH BENEFIT FUND

Last Seven Fiscal Years*

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019
Board's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.137%	0.126%	0.620%	0.646%	0.654%
Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 32,417,870	\$ 38,997,294	\$ 36,208,317	\$ 41,509,900	\$ 38,855,529
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 25,873,421	\$ 23,164,826	\$ 23,135,803	\$ 22,513,082	\$ 21,916,412
Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	125.29%	168.35%	156.50%	184.38%	177.29%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	10.58%	7.72%	4.40%	3.52%	3.52%

	2018	2017
Board's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	 	
Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.654%	0.625%
board's proportionate share of the flet of Lb liability (asset)	\$ 45.915.902	\$ 59.847.902
Board's covered-employee payroll	, ,	, ,
	\$ 21,342,353	\$ 21,136,984
Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		
	215.14%	283.14%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	2.41%	2.41%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS RETIREE HEALTH BENEFIT FUND

Last Seven Fiscal Years

	2023		2022		2021	2020	2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,794,427	\$	1,627,403	\$	1,547,410	\$ 1,496,886	\$ 1,411,570
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 1,794,427		1,627,403		1,547,410	 1,496,886	 1,411,570
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$		\$ 	\$
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 26,043,935	\$	25,873,421	\$	23,164,826	\$ 23,135,803	\$ 22,513,082
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	6.89%		6.29%		6.68%	6.47%	6.27%
				_			
	 2018	_	2017				
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,325,943	\$	1,239,991				
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 1,325,943		1,239,991				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$	-				
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 21,916,412	\$	21,342,353				
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	6.05%		5.81%				

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY DISABILITY INCOME PLAN OF NORTH CAROLINA

Last Seven Fiscal Years*

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Board's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset	0.141%	0.129%	0.131%	0.131%	0.135%
Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 41,808	\$ (20,991)	\$ (64,370)	\$ (56,462)	\$ (40,904)
Board's covered payroll	\$ 25,873,421	\$ 23,164,826	\$ 23,135,803	\$ 22,513,082	\$ 21,916,412
Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.16%	0.09%	0.28%	0.25%	0.19%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset	90.34%	105.18%	116.47%	116.37%	116.23%

	 2018	_	2017
Board's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset	0.136%		0.140%
Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (83,050)	\$	(86,990)
Board's covered payroll	\$ 21,342,353	\$	21,136,984
Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.39%		0.41%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset	116.06%		117.06%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS DISABILITY INCOME PLAN OF NORTH CAROLINA Last Seven Fiscal Years

	 2023	 2022	 2021	_	2020	 2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ 26,044	\$ 23,286	\$ 20,848	\$	23,136	\$ 31,518
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	26,044	 23,286	20,848		23,136	31,518
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 26,043,935	\$ 25,873,421	\$ 23,164,826	\$	23,135,803	\$ 22,513,082
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.10%	0.09%	0.09%		0.10%	0.14%

	 2018	 2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 30,683	\$ 81,101
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 30,683	 81,101
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 21,916,412	\$ 21,342,353
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.14%	0.38%

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit A-1

	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative) Variance
Revenues:			
Transylvania County:			
County appropriations	\$ 13,086,152	\$ 13,086,152	\$ -
Othor			
Other: Fines and forfeitures	110,000	139,565	29,565
Other	3,000	90	(2,910)
Interest earned on investments	3,000	3,492	3,492
Total	113,000	143,147	30,147
Total	110,000	110,111	00,117
Total revenues	13,199,152	13,229,299	30,147
Expenditures:			
Instructional services			
Regular instructional	4,520,519	4,517,902	2,617
Special populations	352,007	336,031	15,976
Alternative programs	211,254	220,661	(9,407)
School leadership	1,233,988	1,244,569	(10,581)
Co-curricular services	329,469	329,469	-
School-based support	1,094,357	924,018	170,339
System-wide support services			
Support and development	457,226	416,811	40,415
Special population support and development	66,462	66,462	-
Operational support	182,815	182,815	-
Financial and human resource services	2,603,308	2,724,030	(120,722)
Accountability	472,973	418,415	54,558
Systemwide pupil support	673	673	-
Other	379,358	392,148	(12,790)
Ancillary services	6,292	5,793	499
Non-programmed charges	1,162,171	1,152,371	9,800
Total expenditures	13,072,872	12,932,168	140,704
Revenues over (under) expenditures	126,280	297,131	170,851
Other financing uses:			
Transfers from other fund	(250,000)	(250,000)	
Appropriated fund balance	123,720		(123,720)
Revenues over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$ -	47,131	\$ 47,131
Fund balances:			
Beginning of year, July 1 , as restated		2,506,998	
End of year, June 30		\$ 2,554,129	
			Page 56

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
U.S. Government			
FEMA disaster grant	\$ -	\$ 62,602	\$ 62,602
State of North Carolina:			
State appropriations-buses	200,000	78,998	(121,002)
Translationia County			
Transylvania County	2 962 074	2 042 462	(940 600)
County appropriations	2,862,071	2,012,462	(849,609)
Other:			
Other		13,275	13,275
Total revenues	3,062,071	2,167,337	(957,336)
Expenditures:			
Instructional services			
Regular instructional	115,876	95,663	20,213
Co-curricular services	91,395	85,118	6,277
School-based support	537,701	509,114	28,587
System-wide support services	337,701	309,114	20,307
·	2 664 950	4 400 004	0.000.756
Operational support	3,661,850	1,429,094	2,232,756
Policy, leadership and public relations	3,000	-	3,000
Debt service:			
Principal payments	78,998	78,998	
Total expenditures	4,488,820	2,197,987	2,290,833
·			
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,426,749)	(30,650)	1,396,099
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Transfers to other funds	(49,500)	(49,500)	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures	(1,476,249)	(80,150)	1,396,099
Appropriated fund balance	1,476,249		(1,476,249)
Revenues other sources and appropriated fund balance over (under) expenditures		(80,150)	\$ (80,150)
Fund balances:	_		
Beginning of year, July 1		461,853	
End of year, June 30			
Life of year, Julie 30		\$ 381,703	

Exhibit B-1

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) - SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Tor the Tear Ended Julie 30, 2023					Ex	hibit C-1
		Budget		Actual		/ariance Positive legative)
Operating revenues: Food sales	Ф	507 355	œ	119 617	Ф	(170 720)
rood sales	\$	597,355	\$	418,617	\$	(178,738)
Operating expenditures: Business support services Food cost Salaries and benefits Indirect costs Materials and supplies Contracted services Noncapital equipment Repairs and maintenance Travel Other				1,092,946 1,311,038 106,408 2,221 30,069 8,209 22,520 1,596 4,306		
Total business support services		2,030,178		2,579,313		(549,135)
Capital outlay				112,766		(112,766)
Total operating expenditures		2,030,178		2,692,079		(661,901)
Operating loss	(1,432,823)	((2,273,462)		(840,639)
Nonoperating revenues: Federal reimbursements Federal commodities State reimbursements Gain on sale of capital assets Interest earned Indirect Cost Allocated Other nonoperating revenues Donated capital assets Total nonoperating revenues		1,432,823		1,674,079 120,780 10,253 36,021 1,311 106,408 1,359 49,500 1,999,711		566,888
rotal honoperating revenues		1,402,020		1,888,111		300,000
Revenues over (under) expenditures before other financing sources		-		(273,751)		(273,751)
Transfers from other funds				364,744		364,744
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures	\$	-		90,993	\$	90,993

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) - SCHOOL NUTRITION FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit C-1 (Continued)

Reconciliation of modified accrual to full accrual basis:

Reconciling items:	
Depreciation	(62,520)
Capital outlay	112,766
Increase (decrease) in accounts receivable	(183)
Increase (decrease) in inventory	(23,638)
(Increase) decrease in unavailable revenues	264
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences	(1,762)
Net pension liability	(357,664)
Net OPEB liability	609,490
Deferred outflows - pension and OPEB	235,708
Deferred inflows - pension and OPEB	382,131
Change in net position	\$ 985,585



Certified Public Accountants

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance
With Government Auditing Standards

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Transylvania County Board of Education Brevard, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Transylvania County Board of Education, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Transylvania County Board of Education, North Carolina's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 14, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Transylvania County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. We identified deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 23-01 and 23-02 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Transylvania County Board of Education's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Transylvania County Board of Education's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Transylvania County Board of Education's response to findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Transylvania County Board of Education's response was not subjected to other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC

November 14, 2023 Elon. North Carolina Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report On Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Transylvania County Board of Education Brevard, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Transylvania County Board of Education's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Transylvania County Board of Education's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Transylvania County Board of Education's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Transylvania County Board of Education complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Our responsibilities under those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report. We are required to be independent of Transylvania County Board of Education and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Transylvania County Board of Education's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the

requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Transylvania County Board of Education federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Transylvania County Board of Education's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Transylvania County Board of Education's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Transylvania County Board of Education's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circum- stances.
- Obtain an understanding of Transylvania County Board of Education's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Transylvania County Board of Education's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency *in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section and above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC

November 14, 2023 Elon, North Carolina Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report On Compliance for Each Major State Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Transylvania County Board of Education Brevard, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

Opinion on Each Major State Program

We have audited the Transylvania County Board of Education's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission that could have a direct and material effect on each of Transylvania County Board of Education's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Transylvania County Board of Education's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Transylvania County Board of Education complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Our responsibilities under those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report. We are required to be independent of Transylvania County Board of Education and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major State program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Transylvania County Board of Education's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the

requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Transylvania County Board of Education's State programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Transylvania County Board of Education's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Transylvania County Board of Education's compliance with the requirements of each major State program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Transylvania County Board of Education's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circum- stances.
- Obtain an understanding of Transylvania County Board of Education's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Transylvania County Board of Education's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency *in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section and above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC

November 14, 2023 Elon, North Carolina

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:

Unmodified

Yes

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses
 None noted

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

Identification of major federal programs:

AL Numbers	Names of Federal Program or Cluster
	Special Education Cluster:
84.027	Special Education – Grants to States
84.027	Special Education – Special Risk Pool
84.027	Special Education – Targeted Assistance
84.173	Special Education – Targeted Assistance for Preschool
84.173	Special Education – Preschool Grants
84.027X	COVID-19 – ESSER III – ARP IDEA Grants to States
84.173X	COVID-19 – ESSER III – ARP IDEA Preschool Grants
84.425	COVID 19 – Education Stabilization Fund

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs

\$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Yes

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results (Continued)

State Awards

Internal control over major State programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

No

 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses

None noted

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major State programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act

No

Identification of major State programs:

Program Name

State Public School Fund

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

Finding 23-01

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

Prior Period Adjustments

Criteria: Accurate records relating to the reporting of the Board's liabilities are required in

order for an entity to prepare financial statements in accordance with accounting

principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Condition: The Board recorded prior period adjustments during the current year to correct

prior year errors relating to liabilities in the General Fund, School Food Service

Fund, governmental activities and business-type activities.

Effect: Liabilities were incorrectly reported in the prior year financial statements.

Cause: Oversight.

Identification of a

repeat finding: This is not a repeat finding from the previous audit.

Recommendation: Management should closely review all liability account balances at year end to

ensure they are accurately reported within the year-end financial statements.

Management Response: The Board agrees with this finding and recommendation.

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Finding 23-02

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

Budgeting

Criteria: State law requires that expenditures do not exceed amounts appropriated.

Condition: The District does not have internal controls in place to appropriately pre-audit and

monitor expenditures as compared to the Board approved budget.

Effect: The District did not appropriately pre-audit expenditures, resulting in actual

expenditures exceeding the budget within the General Fund, State Public School Fund, Federal Grants Fund, Other Special Revenue Fund, and School Food Service

Fund which is in violation of North Carolina General Statutes.

Identification of a

repeat finding: This is not a repeat finding from the previous audit.

Cause: There was a lack of oversight by management.

Recommendation: We recommend that management closely monitor expenditures as compared to

the budget and take any needed budget amendments to the governing Board for

approval.

Management Response: The Board agrees with this finding and recommendation.

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding: None reported

Section IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding: None reported



Section II. Financial Statement Findings

Finding 23-01

Name of Contact Person: Gabi Juba, Chief Finance Officer

Corrective Action Plan: Management will implement controls and procedures to ensure accurate

financial reporting.

Proposed Completion Date: Immediately

Finding 23-02

Name of Contact Person: Gabi Juba, Chief Finance Officer

Corrective Action Plan: Management will implement controls and procedures to ensure that there

are no expenditures in excess of the budget.

Proposed Completion Date: Immediately

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding: None reported

Section IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding: None reported

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

No findings reported in the prior year audit.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	State / Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
Federal Grants: Cash Assistance:			
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Food and Nutrition Service			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction: Noncash Assistance (Commodities):			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	PRC 035	\$ 120,780
Cash Assistance:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	PRC 035	452,255
Supply Chain Assistance Grant	10.555	PRC 035	95,512
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	PRC 035	97,010
National School Lunch Program	10.555	PRC 035	878,163
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	PRC 035	82,296
Cash Assistance Subtotal			1,605,236
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,726,016
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Health and Human Services:			
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558		68,843
Decead through the N.C. Department of Agriculture & Consumer Carvines			
Passed through the N.C. Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services Local Food for Schools Program	10.185		12,331
Local Food for Schools Frogram	10.105		12,331
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,807,190
U.S. Department of Education			
Office of Elementary and Secondary Education			
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction:			
Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981			
Improving America School Act of 1994 (IASA)			
Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies		DD0 050 405	
Educationally Panrivad Children	84.010	PRC 050, 105, & 115	1 062 006
Educationally Deprived Children	04.010	Q 113	1,063,996
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	PRC 108	67,644
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	PRC 104, 111	10,169
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	PRC 026	20,399
Improving Teacher Quality State Grant	84.367	PRC 103	139,666
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund CARES Act:			
ESSER I - K-12 Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	PRC 163	1,194
ESSER I - Exceptional Children Grants	84.425D	PRC 167	8,620
GEER I - Supplemental Instructional Services	84.425C	PRC 170	42,240
CRRSA:			
ESSER II - K-12 Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	PRC 171	391,766
ESSER II - School Nutrition COVID Support	84.425D	PRC 174	11,449
ESSER II - Learning Loss Funding	84.425D	PRC 176	49,552
ESSER II - Summer Career Accelerator Program	84.425D	PRC 177	9,442
ARP: ESSER III - K-12 Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	PRC 181	1,706,473
ESSER III - R-12 EIIIeigelicy Rellei Fullu	04.4200	FNC 101	1,700,473

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	State / Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (Continued) ESSER III - Homeless I	84.425W	PRC 183	56,054
ESSER III - Homeless II	84.425W	PRC 184	45,682
ESSER III - Summer Career Acceleratory Programs	84.425U	PRC 188	404
ESSER III - Math Enrichment Programs	84.425U	PRC 189	8,018
ESSER III - Cybersecurity & Suicide Prevention Grant	84.425U	PRC 192	30,739
ESSER III - Gaggle Grants	84.425U	PRC 193	10,645
ESSER III - CTE-Hospitality – LEAs and charters	84.425U	PRC 194	5,350
Total COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund			2,377,628
Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services			
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction:			
Special Education Cluster:			
Individuals with Disabilities Education Act			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	PRC 060	804,865
Special Education - Targeted Assistance	84.027	PRC 118	6,081
COVID-19 - ESSER III - ARP IDEA Grant to States	84.027	PRC 185	172,398
Special Education - Preschool Grants COVID-19 - ESSER III - ARP IDEA Preschool Grants	84.173 84.173	PRC 049 PRC 186	45,789
	04.173	PRC 100	23,495
Total Special Education Cluster			1,052,628
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction: Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology Education Act Amendments of 1990 Basic Grants to States Program Development	84.048	PRC 017	61,776
Total U.S. Department of Education			4,793,906
·			
Other Federal Assistance:			
U.S. Federal Communications Commission			
Direct Program:			
Emergency Connectivity Fund	32.009		727,635
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Passed through N.C. Department of Crime Control and Public Safety			
FEMA Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036		62,602
Total Federal Assistance			7,391,333

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

State Grants: Cash Assistance:	
Cash Assistance:	
N.C. Department of Public Instruction:	
State Public School Fund 25,539,	942
Career and Technical Education	
State Months of Employment PRC 013 1,514,3	
Program Support Funds PRC 014 165,9	
Driver Training PRC 012 65,7	
School Technology Fund PRC 015 38,2	
	919
Appropriations for School Buses (non-cash assistance) 78,9	998
Total N.C. Department of Public Instruction 27,404,6	<u>652</u>
N.C. Department of Agriculture	
State Reduced Breakfast Program 3,9	920
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	333
10,,	253
N.C. Department of Health and Human Services	
N.C. Pre-Kindergarten Program 406,	012
	
Total State Assistance 27,820,9	<u>917</u>
Total Federal and State Assistance \$ 35,212,3	250

TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards:

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of Transylvania County Board of Education under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Transylvania County Board of Education, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of Transylvania County Board of Education.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Transylvania County Board of Education has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Note 3. Clusters

The following are clustered by the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction and are treated separately for state audit requirements purposes: School Nutrition Program.